CM 20114 – ANTIBIOTIC ASSAY MEDIUM NO. 3 (ASSAY BROTH)

INTENDED USE

For micro biological assay of antibiotics.

PRODUCT SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Groveand Randallhave elucidatedthe antibiotic assays and medias in their comprehensive treatise on antibiotic assays. Antibiotic assay Medium No. 3 is used as the broth medium in turbidimetric or serial dilution assay of a wide variety of antibiotics. This medium is formulated in accordance with The United States Pharmacopoeia.

Turbidimetric antibiotic assay is based on the change or inhibition of growth of a test microorganims in a liquid medium containing a uniform concentration of an antibiotic. After incubation of the test organism in the working dilutions of the antibiotics, the amount of growth is determined by measuring the light transmittance using spectrophotometer. The concentration of antibiotic is determined by comparing amounts of growth obtained with that given by the reference standard solutions. Use of this method is appropriate only when test samples are clear.

COMPOSITION

Ingredients	Gms / Ltr
Peptone	5.000
Yeast extract	1.500
Beef extract	1.500
Dextrose	1.000
Sodium chloride	3.500
Dibasic potassium phosphate	3.680
Monobasic potassium phosphate	1.320

PRINCIPLE

Peptone, beef extract and yeast extract provide essential nutrients and growth factors for enhanced microbial growth. Sodium chloride maintains the osmotic equilibrium and retains the cell viability and cell intergrity. Phosphates in the medium provide good buffering action. Dextrose serves as the carbon and energy source for luxuriant growth.

INSTRUCTION FOR USE

Dissolve 17.5grams in 1000 ml purified/distilled water.
Heat if necessary to dissolve the medium completely.
Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 psi pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes.

Advice: Recommended for the Microbiological assay of Amikacin, Capreomycin, Chloramphenicol, Chlortetracycline, Cycloserine, Demeclocycline, Dihydrostreptomycin, Doxycycline, Gramicidin, Kanamycin, Methacycline, Oxytetracycline Rolitetracycline, Streptomycin, Tetracycline, Tobramycin and Troleandomycin according to official methods.

QUALITY CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS

Appearance of Powder	: Cream to yellow coloured homogeneous free flowing powder.
Appearance of prepared medium	: Light yellow coloured clear solution without any precipitate.
pH (at 25°C)	: 7.0±0.2

INTERPRETATION

Culturalcharacteristics observed after incubation.

Microorganism	ATCC	Inoculum (CFU/ml)	Growth	Serial dilution with	Incubation Temperature	Incubation Period
Escherichia coli	10536	50-100	Luxuriant	Chloramphenicol	30-37°C	18-24 Hours
Klebsiella pneumoniae	10031	50-100	Luxuriant	Capreomycin, Dihydrostreptomycin, Streptomycin, Troleandomycin	30-37°C	18-24 Hours
Staphylococcus aureus	29737	50-100	Luxuriant	Amikacin, Chlortetracycline, Cycloserine, Demeclocycline, Doxycycline, Kanamycin,,, Lincomycin, Methacycline, Oxytetracycline, Rolitetracycline , Tetracyclin, Tobramycin	30-37°C	18-24 Hours
Enterococcus hirae	10541	50-100	Luxuriant	Gramicidin	30-37°C	18-24 Hours
Staphylococcus aureus	9144	50-100	Luxuriant	Tylosin	30-37°C	18-24 Hours

PACKAGING:

Inpacksizeof100 gm and 500 gm bottles.

STORAGE

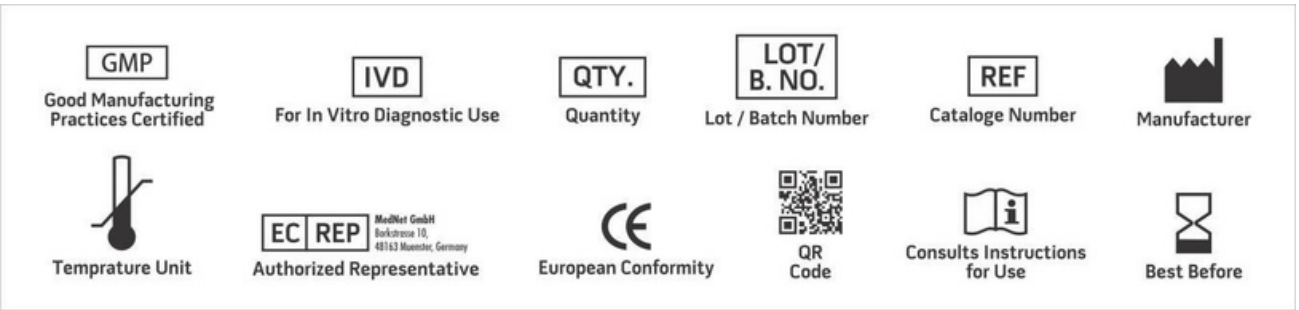
Dehydrated powder, hygroscopic in nature, store in a dry place, in tightly-sealed containers between 10-25°C and protect from direct sunlight. Under optimal conditions, the medium has a shelf life of 4 years. When the container is opened fo the first time, note the time and date on the label space provided on the container. After the desired amount of medium has been taken out replace the cap tightly to protect from hydration.
Product Deterioration: Do not use if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying or any other signs of deterioration.

DISPOSAL

Afteruse, prepared plates, specimen/sample containers and other contaminated materials must be sterilized before discarding.

REFERENCES

1. Grove andRandall, 1955, Assay Methods of Antibiotics, Medical Encyclopedia, Inc. New York
2. United States Pharmacopoeia 2011, US Pharmacopoeial Convention, Inc., Rockville, MD.



NOTE: Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling Practices.

*For LabUse Only